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Funston Takes Army to Mexico---Americans In Danger---More U. S. Marines Fall In Battle

Washington, April 23.—United States troops moved tonight to reinforce the American navy at Vera Cruz. Rioting and attacks on Americans have been reported in Washington from many points in interior Mexico today.

The embargo on arms into Mexico was formally restored, and troops were ordered to the Mexican border primarily to relieve uneasiness among border residents, but also as a precaution against any hostile military operations along the international line.

Secretary Garrison announced that a brigade of infantry and some artillery under brigadier General Frederick Funston had been ordered to embark on the four army transports at Galveston for Vera Cruz to support the expeditionary forces of marines and bluejackets there.

The chance that General Maas, the Mexican federal general, might make a return attack on Vera Cruz with reinforcements and the possible necessity of a forward movement toward Mexico City to protect fleeing Americans and the Vera Cruz railroad were the underlying reason for the military movement.

The restoration of the embargo on arms was officially announced after the pronouncement of General Carranza, the constitutionalist chief, that he regarded the seizure of Vera Cruz as a violation of Mexican sovereignty had been considered by the administration.

Mexican rebels here protested that Carranza's real attitude was friendly, the American government decided to take no chances and abruptly stopped the shipment of all arms into Mexico.

President Wilson earlier in the day had issued a statement warning General Carranza, the rebel chief, that the United States was dealing now and would continue to deal with those whom Huerta commands "and those who come to his support."

Both Nelson O'Shaughnessy and Senor Algara, the charge d'affairs of the Mexican embassy, have been given their passports. This is not regarded by the Washington government as presaging war, but a declaration of war by Huerta would not be unexpected.

The United States has chosen Brazil to look after its interests in Mexico. Where there are no Brazilian consuls, French consuls will act for the United States. During the day a special reserve fleet ranging from dreadnoughts to tiny gunboats was ordered to the Atlantic coast of Mexico.

Anti-American Mobs Feared In Mexico Now

For This Reason Washington Officials Keep Secret Possible Moves Of Force In That Nation

RENEWED ATTACK ON VERA CRUZ BY GEN. MAAS NOT UNEXPECTED

RUSH OF ARMY TO AID OF FLETCHER IS MADE FOR PURPOSE OF DEFENSE OF AMERICANS ONLY, HIT ADMINISTRATION SIGNIFICANTLY ADMITS IT WILL MEET ISSUE AS IT COMES

AMERICANS THREATENED BY MOB

(By Associated Press) Private advices reaching Washington last night in code from Mexico City saying that the 700 to 1,000 Americans there are in great danger have been communicated to government officials. The dispatches, which were from a source of unquestioned trustworthiness and bore Thursday's date, set forth that mobs of Mexicans were forming for anti-American demonstrations, that Americans on the streets had been menaced and threatened with violence and that they were concentrating at the embassy for mutual protection.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 23.—The Washington government fears mob violence and anti-American outbreaks will be taken further to excite Mexicans to anti-American outbreaks will be taken.

The president today talked of the situation frankly with his callers. He referred to the crisis as a serious one and thought it was his duty, he said, to confine his announcements to facts, reserving information about contemplated steps until plans matured.

One of the president's callers mentioned to him the statement issued from Tokyo of the intentions of the Japanese to remain neutral during any eventuality. President Wilson had not read of it, but spoke of his assumption that all powers would remain neutral, no matter what steps were taken by the United States.

No notification had gone to the powers of contemplated plans of the American government, communication thus far having been confined to accomplished facts as they developed.

NO SPECIAL WAR TAX NEEDED

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 23.—Administration leaders today laid plans for raising war revenue in case the army has to go into Mexico. Secretary McAdoo discussed plans with Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn. It is not the nearest intention to in any way alter the present tariff law, although such legislation might be found necessary later. The treasury department, under existing laws, has authority to issue without further action by congress \$100,000,000 worth of Panama Canal bonds and it is expected the mean will be taken at once to raise money in case of eventuality. Adoption of this plan would give congress a better opportunity to discuss a war revenue measure carefully before passage.

BIG ARMY GOES TO FIRING LINE

BRIGADES OF REGULARS RUSHED TO BORDER AND TO VERA CRUZ

RUSH FOR RANKS

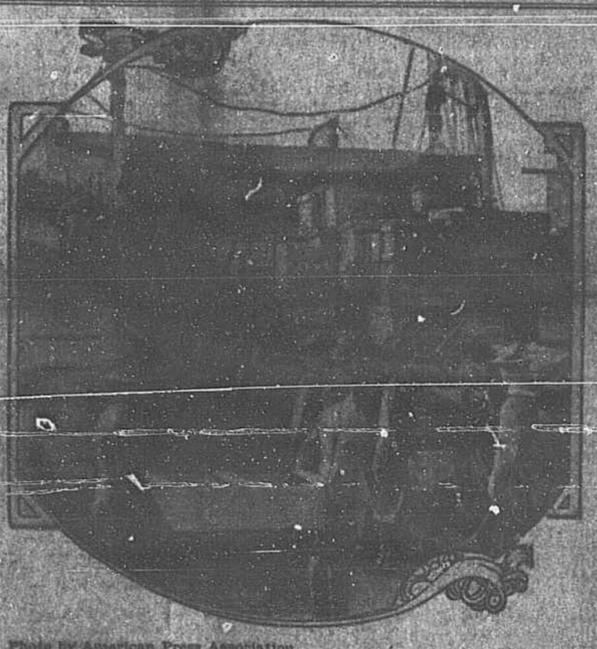
Senators Demanded By Their Constituents Waiting Either Sword Or Gun

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 23.—Three regiments of infantry at San Francisco and the artillery at Fort Riley, Kan., were ordered tonight to report to Brigadier General Bliss for service along the Mexican border. A brigade of infantry and the artillery was ordered dispatched from Galveston to Vera Cruz to cooperate with the navy there. Secretary Garrison's statement followed: "The department has been in receipt of many telegrams from places along the border showing apprehension, and to relieve the tension I have ordered additional troops to report to General Bliss, together with the artillery from Fort Riley. "Under orders from the department,

NELSON O'SHAUGHNESSY



Senator O'Shaughnessy, American charge d'affairs in Mexico City, tried to get Huerta to follow his refusal to order a permit to the American flag at Mexico, the chief.



Soldiers Embarking For the Front.

The United States troops embarked near by to Vera Cruz, Mexico, which is within striking distance of the Mexican capital. The picture shows how troops leave for the front. At other principal sea-ports transports reported for service to convey soldiers into action.

JAPANESE PAPERS GIVE ADVANTAGE

Editors Intimate It Is Good Time For That Nation To Press United States

(By Associated Press) Tokyo, April 23.—Most of the leading newspapers of Japan are moderate and reserved in their attitude regarding the Mexican situation. One or two of the less responsible papers today suggest that advantage should be taken of the present embarrassment of Washington to press the issue outstanding between Japan and the United States.

THE SPANISH TRIAL

Try to Get a Continuance Special Correspondence. Spartanburg, April 23.—Olyde Caldwell Clement, the former student of Wofford College, South Carolina, and Laura Fleta Pendergast, the pianist, were placed on trial for the murder of their infant son who was drowned in Wofford's mill pond here on the night of January 28. The counsel for Clement obtained the same morning in fighting for a continuance on many technicalities. The jury was drawn this afternoon in one hour and about midnight only 14 objections were entered. Both witnesses were excused. The trial will run through the remainder of the week and will probably enter into next week.

Three More Bluejackets Killed by Mexican Bullets

Twenty-Five Others Wearing U. S. Uniforms Fall, According to the Official Reports Of Rear Admiral Fletcher

ATTACKS MADE ON DEFENSELESS AMERICANS IN INTERIOR MEXICO

THE GRAVEST FEARS ARE MANIFESTED AT WASHINGTON LEST HUNDREDS OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES YET IN WAR ZONE, BE MURDERED BY BARBAROUS NATIVE POPULACE

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 23.—Admiral Badger reports that firing continued about the city last night and this morning and three more American sailors were killed and twenty-five wounded.

Outposts Also Held. The American landing party now occupies all the city and outposts have been stationed on the sand hills in the rear who have been engaged in constructing defensive works.

Admiral Badger in command on shore, is making every effort to induce Mexican municipal authorities to resume their duties and take up the early administration of the city. He reports negotiations fairly successful.

All Business Stops. All work in the city is suspended and no business is being transacted. The public service utilities have stopped because the employees refuse to run the eventual risk to themselves of resuming employment.

Very little food supply has been coming into the city and it is thought that in a few days the question of feeding the people of the city will become paramount and that it is possible the United States will be called upon to furnish food. The water supply is causing anxiety.

Mexicans Threaten Attack. The Mexican forces are disposed along the railroad, and while Admiral Badger reports the rumor that they are preparing to attack, he adds that it is doubted that this is true, and expresses his belief that any attack can be successfully resisted.

The tug Patapasco and Patuxent arrived today at 11 a. m. The Nashville arrived at the same time but proceeded down the coast later.

Secretary Daniels tonight said he had directed Admiral Badger to designate such ships as he thought best to set as a conveyer for troops ordered to proceed to Vera Cruz to co-operate with naval forces.

Personnel of Dead and Wounded. Those killed in today's fighting were: D. J. Lane, seaman; E. H. Paul, illahotein, ordinary seaman and E. C. Fisher, ordinary seaman. The wounded list includes: Frank Phillips, drummer; George J. Soden, gunner's mate. (Continued on Page Seven)

EMBARGO GOES BACK ON ARMS

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 23.—Secretary Daniels today issued orders forming a special service squadron for service on the East coast of Mexico. Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow has been selected to command and will hoist his flag on the New York, which will leave Sunday or Monday to join the fleet now in Mexican waters. The special service squadron will consist of the battleships New York and Texas, armored cruisers Washington, Montana, the Tacoma, Des Moines, Chester, Salem, Nashville Dolphin, Castine, Machias, Paducah, Wheeling, Petrel, Eagle and other vessels that may become available from time to time. Most of these vessels are well adapted for in-shore work.